



LONG EATON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

A N N U A L R E P O R T .

O F

THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

with that of

THE SANITARY INSPECTOR.

1 9 4 3 .

LONG EATON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE.

Mr.Councillor A.H. Staples (Chairman)
The Chairman of the Council - Mr.Councillor E.W.Roper
The Vice-Chairman of the Council - Mr.Councillor W.E.Crisp
Mr.Coun. O.Flint Mr.Coun. C.W.Smith
" " J.C.Austin " " A.E.Wigginton
" " F.H.Hardisty " " L.T.Davys
" " G.E.Stevenson " " E.W.Banks
" " L.Pattison " " P.W.Griffin(from 25.10.43.)
" " G.H.Pegg(deceased 17.8.43.)

Representatives of the Shardlow Joint Hospital Board:-
Mr.Coun. J.R.Davis Mr.Coun. G.H.Pegg(to 17.8.43.)
" " L.G.Harrup " " P.W.Griffin(from 25.10.43.)
" " W.E.Crisp

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF.

Medical Officer of Health:

(a) (b) JOHN MOIR, M.A., M.B., Ch.B.
Mem. Royal San.Inst. Fellow Royal Inst.Public Health.

Chief Sanitary Inspector and Cleansing Superintendent:

(b) JOHN TOMLINSON, F.S.I.A., M.I.P.C.
Certif. Insp. of Meat and Foods.

Sanitary Inspector:

(b) W. BOWLES, M.S.I.A.,(resigned August, 1943.)
Certif, Insp. of Meat and Foods.

Clerks:

G.A.Smith - seconded to Ministry of Food.
C.White - with H.M. Forces.

Temporary Clerks:

Mrs. M.A. England, Miss M.Y. Poppitt.

Meadow Lane Smallpox Hospital: Matron, Mrs. E.E. Jennings.

(a) - Part-time appointment; (b) - Salaries contributed to
under Public Health Act.

LONG EATON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1943.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you my twenty-second Annual Report on the health of the Urban District for the year ended 31st December, 1943.

Economy still necessitates the provision of a report which is concise but yet fairly comprehensive.

There is nothing very outstanding in the year's statistics. The birth rate has increased as you will see from 15.81 to 18.56 and the death rate has slightly increased from 10.21 to 11.12. The infantile death rate is considerably lower this year, 38.13 per thousand births, and the actual total 20.

Diphtheria: Up to December 31st the total number of children immunised was 3,791, giving us a percentage of 72.2, of which under fives was 65.39% and between 5 and 15, 75.33%. There were 22 notified cases of Diphtheria during the year compared with 30 the previous year; of that 22, 13 had not been immunised.

The need for Immunisation is stressed. Our aim is to achieve 80% at least of the child population and we are gradually approaching this. One method which proves very successful is the sending of a Birthday Card to each baby on reaching its first Birthday. The sentiments expressed by the Department are much appreciated by the parents, if not the babies, and the little note printed on the back emphasises the importance of safeguarding the young life.

One other thing which the Department did was to send out to the largest manufacturing firms in the Town 3,441 Booklets relating to Venereal Disease. These booklets were contained in an envelope which was suitable as a pay envelope and they were welcomed by the heads of businesses and there was also enclosed a small personal letter from the Medical Officer of Health to each employee drawing attention to the importance of this disease as a factor, which, if contracted, has disastrous results unless early and vigorous treatment is instituted immediately. One manufacturer mentioned to me that he did not see one booklet thrown away. Another booklet on general health is ready for distribution in the near future.

One cannot but congratulate the district on the

maintenance of a very excellent standard of health. After all these years of War one might have expected a less satisfactory report, but taking it on the whole it is as good, if not better, than the previous year.

We are looking forward to the New Year when, in all likelihood, the enemy will have been overcome and peace restored to Europe at least.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

JOHN MOIR.

Medical Officer of Health.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS FOR 1943.

Area - Land	3,425.955 acres)	
Water	131.045 acres)	3,557 acres
Elevation of District		89-147 O.D.
Rateable Value, Year ended 31st Mar.1944		£163,841
Approx. sum represented by a Penny Rate		£668
Rates levied - General		12/2d. in the £.

SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

Births (legitimate	231 M.	213 F.	= 444	
(illegitimate	15 M.	13 F.	= 28	472
Birth Rate				18.56
Death Rate				11.12
No.of Women dying in, or in-	From sepsis		-	
consequence of chilabirth)	From other causes		-	
Deaths of Infants under 1 yr. of age,(per 1,000				
	births)			
	Total 20.	Rate 38.13		

SCABIES.

During the year, 73 adults and 122 children received treatment for Scabies at the Slipper Baths, Station Road. In addition 14 persons were supplied with the necessary material for home treatment. Personal clothing was disinfected in each case and, where necessary, bedding and rooms were also disinfected.

The Centre was staffed by members of the full-time staff of the First Aid Post, Derby Road.

INFANTILE MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1943.

Causes of Death	Und. 1 wk.	Weeks			Total under 4 wks.	Months				Total deaths under 1 yr.
		1-2	2-3	3-4		1-3	3-6	6-9	9-12	
Prematurity	5	-	-	1	6	-	-	-	-	6
Acute Broncho Pneumonia	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	-	4
Gastro- Enteritis	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	2
Atelectasis	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Monster Encephalo Meningocele	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Infantile Convulsions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Haemorrhage	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
Congenital Morbus Cordis	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Hydrocephalus	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Miliary Tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Totals	10	-	-	2	12	1	5	1	1	20

TRANSFERABLE DEATHS, 1943.

	M.	F.	Total.
Shardlow Public Assistance Hospital	15	8	23
Nottingham General Hospital	15	15	30
Nottingham Childrens Hospital	3	2	5
Derbyshire Royal Infirmary	6	4	10
Draycott Isolation Hospital	-	1	1
Hospital for Sick Children, Derby	2	2	4
Mental Hospital, Mickleover	1	2	3
Belper Public Assistance Hospital	5	2	7
Derby City Hospital	-	1	1
Derby Women's Hospital	1	1	2
Derbyshire Sanatorium, Walton	1	-	1
Bretby Orthopaedic Hospital	-	1	1
Nightingale Home, Derby	1	1	2
Whitworth Hospital, Darley Dale	1	-	1
Nottingham City Isolation Hospital	1	-	1
Various Towns	6	3	9
	58	43	101

NOTIFIABLE DISEASE (OTHER THAN TUBERCULOSIS) DURING THE YEAR 1943.

Notifiable Disease	At all ages.	Udr. 1yr.	65 up'd. Hosp. Deaths.											Cases admit. to Total
			1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-35	35-45	45-65		
Small-pox	NIL.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever	59.	-	3	7	6	5	26	5	2	3	1	1	53	-
Diphtheria	22	-	-	-	-	1	2	8	4	5	1	1	22	3
Typhoid	NIL.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Puerperal		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
Pyrexia	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Pneumonia	49	7	3	3	4	4	6	2	1	2	3	14	1	-
Erysipelas	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dysentery	NIL.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Encephalitis		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lethargica	NIL.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ophthalmia		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Neonatorum	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anterior		-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-
Poliomyelitis	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Cerebro-sp.F.	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Malaria	NIL.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Diseases														
Notifiable locally:-														
Chicken-pox	197	2	9	7	14	12	112	27	7	7	-	-	-	-
Whooping Cough	76	2	6	14	6	12	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Measles	458	16	36	56	60	64	204	14	5	3	-	-	2	-
TOTALS	872	30	57	87	90	98	387	57	19	21	6	16	80	3

TUBERCULOSIS.

Number of Cases on Register, January 1943	225
" " " notified during 1943	34
" " " removed from Register	
Recovered -)	
Deaths 16)	26
Left District 10)	
" " " on Register, Dec. 31st., 1943	233

Age Periods.	New Cases.				Deaths.			
	Pulmonary.		Non-pulmonary.		Pulmonary.		Non-pulmonary.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Under 1 year	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
1 and und. 5	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
5 " " 10	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 " " 15	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 " " 20	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
20 " " 25	4	1	-	-	-	1	-	-
25 " " 35	1	2	-	2	1	3	-	1
35 " " 45	4	2	-	-	2	2	-	-
45 " " 55	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
55 " " 65	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
65 and upwds.	1	2	-	-	-	1	-	-
Totals	18	12	1	3	7	8	-	1

24 Pulmonary Cases received Sanatorium treatment in the Derbyshire Sanatorium.

2 Non-pulmonary Cases also received treatment at the Brethby Orthopaedic Hospital.

56 specimens of Sputum were submitted to the County Laboratory for Bacteriological examination. 3 results proved positive and 53 negative.

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION.

65.39 % of the children in Long Eaton under 5 years of age and 75.33% of those between 5 and 15, had received a complete course of Immunisation at December 31st., 1943. This gives a percentage of 72.20 of the total child population.

LABORATORY.

The total number of specimens from Long Eaton examined at the County Laboratory is given below:-

	<u>Positive.</u>	<u>Negative.</u>	<u>Total.</u>
Enterica:-			
Typhoid, Para-typhoid A. & B.	-	2	2
Gaertner, Dysentery, etc.	-	2	2
Diphtheria	18	157	175
Phthisis	3	53	56
x Water	3	30	33
Milk:-			
T.B. Inoculation, sent from			
Ministry of Agriculture	-	10	10
T.B. Inoculation, routine samples	3	61	64
ii Methylene Blue Test, routine samples	24	25	49
x Bacillus Coli, routine samples	19	44	63
x Bacterial Count, routine samples	-	16	16
Miscellaneous	-	14	14
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	70	414	484

x Pos. = Unsatisfactory. Neg. = Satisfactory.

WATER SUPPLY.

Your Surveyor and Engineer has kindly supplied the following information relating to Water Supply and Rain Fall:-

Gallons pumped at Stanton-by-Bridge Pumping Station Jan.1st to Dec.31st, 1943	104,516,200
Gallons obtained from Nottingham Corporation	1,623,000
Supplied from Derwent Valley Water Board, Jan.1st to Dec.31st, 1943	168,665,500
Total for the District, 1943	274,804,700

The mains throughout the Town have been extended where building operations have taken place, and the water supply has been sufficient for all purposes.

RAIN FALL.

	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943
Stanton-by-Bridge Pumping Station	27.69	27.70	29.70	23.43	21.56
Town Hall, Long Eaton	27.96	27.70	27.57	21.71	20.05

HOUSING.

No. of New Houses erected during the year	
1. By the Local Authority	Nil.
2. By other Local Authorities	Nil.
3. By other bodies or persons	Nil.
1. Inspection of Dwelling-houses during the year	
(1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	122
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	383
(2) (a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidation Regulations, 1925 and 1932.	23
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	74
(3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	Nil.
(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	46
2. Remedy of defects during the year without service of Formal Notices	
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers	43
3. Action under Statutory Powers during the year	
(a) Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936:-	
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	1
(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:-	
(a) By Owners	1
(b) By Local Authorities in default of Owners	-

- (b) Proceedings under Public Health Acts:-
- (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied -
 - (2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices -
 - (a) By Owners -
 - (b) By Local Authorities in default of Owners -
- (c) Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:-
- (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which demolition orders were made -
 - (2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders -
 - (3) Number of houses demolished in anticipation of formal procedure under the Housing Act, 1936 3
- (d) Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act 1936:-
- (1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made -
 - (2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit -
 - (3) Number of houses closed in anticipation of formal procedure under the Housing Acts -

LONG EATON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

REPORT OF THE SANITARY INSPECTOR FOR

1943.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my 37th Annual Report as Sanitary Inspector.

A rather important Order came into force during the year "The Rat Infestation Order", the powers of which were vested with the Ministry of Food. I may say that Long Eaton has always attended to complaints with regard to rodents and has taken action wherever necessary. This has resulted in the Town being free from major infestations.

On November 3rd the Co-operative Society's Slaughterhouse was discontinued to be used as a Ministry of Food Depot. The slaughter of animals and distribution of meat from the Co-operative Society's premises had proved a distinct advantage to the Town and district. The Meat supply is now allocated from Nottingham and the change over so far has worked satisfactorily.

It will be noticed that the number of Milk samples taken during the year has decreased and this was due to the War Agricultural Committee taking fortnightly samples of all milk supplies.

The amount of Salvage has increased and Long Eaton is to be commended upon its citizens supporting this important work.

The collection of Kitchen Waste and sale of Concentrated Food has also become very popular and continues to be successful. It is hoped that this method of collecting pig food will be continued after hostilities have ceased. It has proved of distinct value not only for the feeding of pigs, etc., but it has been the means of eliminating offensive matter from the sanitary dust bins and I am of the opinion that it is probably due more to this than to the providing of pig food that the scheme has proved so successful.

The work of the Cleansing Department has been carried on with great difficulty during the year and one regrets that the Manpower Board has not been able to assist us with regard to the position of labour. It is most important work and now provides materials for salvage and food for animals. To maintain the standard of cleanliness around houses is most essential work, especially in the older parts of the Town where the houses are closely built up, and if this is allowed to depreciate it is most difficult to regain; it also has a very beneficial effect upon the health of the citizens.

Mr. Wm. Bowles, the Additional Sanitary Inspector, who had been with the Council eleven years, resigned in August 1943 in order to take up an appointment abroad.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient Servant,

JOHN TOMLINSON.
Sanitary Inspector.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE AND DISINFECTION.

Number of visits to premises re cases of infectious disease and disinfection	190
Number of School Notices to Day Schools	80
" " " " " County M.O.H.	80
Notices to Libraries	38
Number of rooms disinfected after infectious disease	121
" " " " for scabies	8
" " " " for vermin	40
" " articles of bedding and other articles disinfected by steam	1,950
Number of instances in which bedding, etc., has been destroyed upon request after disease etc.	18
Number of library books disinfected after infectious disease	56
Disinfectant supplied to Education Authorities	26 gals.

MEADOW LANE ISOLATION HOSPITAL (SMALLPOX).

No cases were admitted during the year.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938.

The administration of the above Act is carried out by the Derbyshire County Council.

Mr. W. R. Sutton, F.I.C., County Analyst, has kindly supplied the following information:-

62 samples were taken under the above Act during the year. Of these, 23 were milk samples and the remaining 39 other foods and drugs.

Of the Milk samples one was deficient in Fat and the vendor was cautioned.

One informal sample of Powdered Gelatine was contaminated with zinc and copper but no action could be taken as a Formal sample was not obtainable. One informal sample of Powdered Gelatine was contaminated with zinc and a formal sample was obtained, in respect of which proceedings are pending. One sample of Baking Powder was deficient in available carbon dioxide but no action was taken.

COWSHEDS AND DAIRIES.

Cowkeepers registered	12
Cowsheds	29
Inspections	158
Informal Notices	8
Contraventions remedied and improvements, etc., effected :-	
Limewashing and cleansing	29
Dairies:- Improvements to drainage and paving	3
Cowsheds reconditioned	2

At 31st December, 1943, there were 4 producers of Accredited Milk in the Urban District.

MILK (SPECIAL DESIGNATIONS) ORDER, 1936.

The following annual Licences were granted under the Order:-

Description of Licences:-

Dealer's Licence to sell milk as "Tuberculin Tested"	1
(a) Pasteurising Establishments	2
(b) + Shops and Dealers	1
+ For 10 shops belonging to one dealer	
Supplementary Licence to sell milk as "Accredited"	1

THE BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF MILK.

42 samples of Milk were submitted to the Derbyshire County Council's Laboratory for examination, (a) by the Methylene Blue Test, (b) for Coliform Bacilli and 43 samples for Tubercle Bacilli.

14 samples from the two pasteurising plants were submitted for examination and all proved satisfactory.

Of the 43 samples taken for the presence of Tubercle Bacilli, three proved positive. Two of these samples were produced outside the Urban District and one within the District.

The County Medical Officers concerned were notified and as a result three cows were found to be affected with Tuberculosis, and were slaughtered under the Tuberculosis Order 1937.

In one instance where ^apositive tubercle sample was obtained, cows affected with Tuberculosis were not discovered.

The following table shows the results for Methylene Blue and B. Coli examinations:-

Milk produced in Long Eaton.

Class of Milk	Satisfactory to both tests	Not satisfy. to both tests	Not satisfy. to Methylene B. test	Not satisfy. to Coliform Test	Total.
Ordinary Raw	6	6	3	2	17
Accredited	1	-	-	1	2

Milk produced outside the U.D.					
Class of Milk	Satisfactory to both tests	Not satisfy. to both tests	Not satisfy. to Methylene B. test	Not satisfy. to Coliform Test	Total.
Ordinary Raw	8	7	7	-	22
Accredited	1	-	-	-	1

The following table shows the results of fourteen samples of Pasteurised Milk:-

Samples taken.	<u>B. Coli.</u>		Satisfy. Count under 100,000 per c.c.	Bacterial Unsatisfy. Count over 100,000 per c.c.
	Present.	Absent.		
14	-	14	14	-

FOOD STORES AND MARKETS.

The following unsound food was surrendered from these premises:-

Canned Meats	683 lbs.
" Milk	821 tins
" Fish	213 tins
" Veg. Fruit & Jam	1761 tins
Wet Fish	446 lbs.
Bacon	153 lbs.
Powdered Gelatine	7 lbs.
Flour	420 lbs.
Soup	7 tins
Corned Beef	725 lbs.
Sausage	24 lbs.
Pastry	56 lbs.
Cereals	78 lbs.
Biscuit Meal	112 lbs.
Cooked Meats	25 lbs.
Bread	8 lbs.
Potatoes	6 cwts.
Biscuits	13 lbs.
Prunes	100 lbs.
Eggs	6 dozen
Gammon	16 lbs.
Mussels	100 lbs.

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

Slaughterhouse.

The Ministry of Food slaughterhouse was closed and slaughtering ceased on the 3rd November, 1943.

Number of animals slaughtered from 1st January to 3rd November, 1943:-

Cattle	1,432
Sheep and Lambs	4,346
Pigs	182
Calves	1,042
Total	<u>7,002</u>

The following are the details of meat condemned at the Slaughterhouse as being unfit for human consumption:-

Tuberculosis.

<u>Animals affected.</u>	<u>No. of Condemnations.</u>		<u>Weight in lbs.</u>
	<u>Entire Carcases and organs.</u>	<u>Parts of Carcases or organs.</u>	
Cattle	10	114	9,153
Pigs	1	11	317
		Total weight	<u>9,470</u>

Diseases other than Tuberculosis.

Cattle	2	148	5,954
Sheep	5	34	508
Pigs	1	2	166
		Total weight	<u>6,628</u>

Canned Corned Beef - 800 lbs.

Number of visits to Slaughterhouse - 289.

WATERCOURSES.

Watercourses in the Town received attention only when urgent defects arose, owing to lack of labour.

PETROLEUM ACTS.

Number of Premises licensed for the storage of Petroleum and inflammable mixtures:-

	January 1943	31
	December 1943	30
do Carbide		2
Total storage capacity for Petrol is	20,890 gals.	
do Carbide	58 lbs.	

The total amount received from Petroleum and Carbide Licences was £17. 15. Od.

INSPECTION OF CANAL BOATS.

No Canal Boats were inspected during the year.

AIR RAID SHELTERS.

One man was regularly employed on routine work of cleansing shelters and the following defects were found and included in reports to the Surveyor for attention:-

Damage to electric lights	55
Damage to curtains	12
Dilapidated brickwork	16
Defective doors	16

RATS AND MICE (DESTRUCTION) ACT, 1919.

Number of inspections	148
The following is a summary of the premises	
Dwelling-houses	15
Military Camp	1
Shops	1
Allotments	3
Farm Buildings	2
Refuse Tip	1
Other premises	2

BAKEHOUSES.

No. on Register	13
No. of Inspections	39
Informal notices served relating to:-	
Limewashing	1

COMPLAINTS.

Number of complaints received	358
<u>Summary of Complaints:-</u>	
Housing Defects	94
Defective and choked drainage	68
Prevalence of rats	20
Miscellaneous	176

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA.

Particulars of Visits and Inspections are as follows:-

Bakehouses	39
Caravans	19
Cowsheds	158
Dairies and Milkshops	78
Factories and Workshops	133
Food Stores and Markets	339
Housing Act	363
Housing Applications	1
Infectious Disease	182
Overcrowding	10
Petrol Stores	15
Premises where animals are kept	82
Rats & Mice (Destruction) Act	148
Schools	9
Slaughterhouses	289
Watercourses	54
Water Supply	7
Factories Act 1937 (No. of contraventions)	3
Theatres and Music Halls	11
Provision of new sanitary dust bins	146
Smoke observations	13
Verminous Premises and Scabies	165
Offensive Trades	49
U.B. Shelters	16
Dried Fish Shops	10
Air Raid Shelters	3
Miscellaneous	168

LETTERS AND NOTICES ISSUED, ETC.

Number of Letters and Informal Notices	335
" " Statutory Notices served	1

SEMITARY WORK CARRIED OUT.

Interior of Houses.

Dirty houses improved and cleansed by tenants	14
Floors of houses re-laid and repaired	24
Fire-ranges repaired or renewed	12
Verminous houses dealt with	9

Exterior of Houses.

Defective eaves and downspouting repaired	4
Defective roofs repaired	14

Yards and Outbuildings.

Yards and passages repaved or repaired	6
Wash-houses and dangerous outbuildings repaired or rebuilt	11
Yards cleansed and offensive accumulations removed	12

Drainage.

Drains opened and cleansed from obstruction	68
Defective drains repaired	5
New drains provided	5
Glazed stoneware gullies provided to drains	-
New sinkwaste pipes provided, others repaired	3
Inspection chambers provided to drains	1
Inspection chambers repaired and provided with new air-tight covers	4
Glazed sinks provided	2

Water Closets.

New water closets erected	-
Additional W.Cs. provided	2
Foul and obstructive W.Cs. cleansed	5
Dirty W.Cs. cleansed	185
Water closets repaired	15
" " provided with new basins and traps	9
Defective water supply to W.Cs. remedied (burst water pipes, defective ball valves, etc.)	15

Conversions.

Conversion of pail closets to W.Cs.	-
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Urinals.

Urinals cleansed and repaired	2
" new erected	-

Ashpits and Dust Bins.

Houses provided with new sanitary dust bins	266
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Various.

Nuisances from burning of refuse	1
" " improper keeping of animals	8
Accumulations of manure and refuse removed	1
Samples of water submitted to the County Analyst for chemical examination	-
Cases of overcrowding dealt with	2
Miscellaneous nuisances dealt with	59
Smoke observations	1
Smoke nuisances dealt with from Factory chimneys	1

PUBLIC CLEANSING SERVICE.

During the year ending 31st March, 1944, the sale of Soil realised £27. 15. 6d; the charges for tipping £17. 2. 6d; the removal of trade refuse £104. 6. 0d, and the value of materials salvaged (as shown in table below) was £2,546. 3. 7d, making a total of £2,695. 7. 7d.

The Cleansing Department also disposes of refuse free of cost from the Markets, Cemetery and other Departments of the Council. No less than 455 loads from these sources were dealt with.

The number of premises from which regular collection of refuse was made was 8,505.

Owing to the number of sanitary dust bins which became unuseable, application was made to the Ministry of Health for Form M authorising the use of the necessary steel, and 164 sanitary dust bins were supplied to replace bins which became unfit for use. £118. 5. 6d. was received from the sale of the bins.

By arrangement with the Beeston and Stapleford U.D.C., your Council collects and disposes of refuse from 15 houses in that District.

The Shardlow R.D.C., collect nightsoil and house refuse from 2 cottages and a house near Sandiacre Lock and a Bungalow, Longmoor Road, at a cost of £1 per house, per annum.

The following table shows the quantity of salvage collected and is in accordance with the monthly returns made to the Ministry of Supply:-

<u>Materials.</u>	<u>Weight.</u>			<u>Amount.</u>		
	<u>T.</u>	<u>cwts.</u>	<u>lbs.</u>	<u>£.</u>	<u>s.</u>	<u>d.</u>
Waste Paper (all kinds)	198	18	55	1325.	19.	7.
Scrap Iron	10	-	56	19.	6.	6.
Non-ferrous Metals		17	98	17.	12.	2.
Unflattened Tins	69	8	84	51.	4.	9.
Textiles	34	2	107	413.	14.	7.
Bottles and Jars	35	15	-	228.	14.	9.
Rubber (all kinds)	2	19	-	7.	7.	6.
Bones	8	5	84	39.	7.	3.
Miscellaneous		15	105	45.	5.	9.
Kitchen Waste	264	15	56	397.	10.	9.
Totals	625	19	85	£2546.	3.	7.

Collection of Kitchen Waste.

Weight collected during the year - 264T. 15c. 2qrs. Value £397. 3. 3.

Concentrated Kitchen Waste sold

18 T. 7 cwts. Amt. received from sale £351. 7. 9d. Cost £340. 8. 2.

COST AND DISPOSAL OF TRADE REFUSE AND SALVAGE.

Owing to staffing difficulties the Treasurer regrets he is unable to furnish complete figures relating to the Cost and Disposal of Trade Refuse and Salvage for the year ended 31st March, 1944, in time for insertion in the Report.

